Syllabus

Topics related to allied basic sciences

- The structure, functions and development of human skin.
- Ultrastructural aspects of epidermis, epidermal appendages, dermoepidermaljunction, dermis, and sub-cutis.
- Immunology, molecular biology and genetics in relation to the skin.
- Epidermal cell kinetics and keratinization.
- Lipids of epidermis and sebaceous glands.
- Percutaneous absorption.
- Skin as an organ of protection and thermoregulation.
- Biology of eccrine and apocrine sweat glands.
- Biology of melanocytes and melanin formation.
- Biology of hair follicles, sebaceous glands and nails.
- Epidermal proteins.
- Dermal connective tissue: collagen, elastin, reticulin, basement membrane andground substance.
- Metabolism of carbohydrates, proteins, fats and steroids by the skin.
- Cutaneous vasculature and vascular reactions.
- Mechanism of cutaneous wound healing.
- Cellular and molecular biology of cutaneous inflammation and arachidonic acidmetabolism.
- Immunologic aspects of epidermis.
- Human leukocyte antigen (HLA) system.
- Immunoglobulins.
- Cytokines and chemokines.
- Lymphocytes, neutrophils, eosinophils, basophils and mast cells.
- Complement system.
- Hypersensitivity and allergy.

- Cutaneous carcinogenesis (chemical, viral and radiation).
- Basics of cutaneous bacteriology, mycology, virology, parasitology and host resistance.
- Common laboratory procedures, stains, culture media etc. related to the cutaneous diagnosis.
- Basic pathologic patterns and reactions of skin.
- Common laboratory stains and procedures used in the histopathologic diagnosis of skin diseases and special techniques such as immunofluorescence, immunoperoxidase and other related techniques.

Clinical dermatology

- Epidemiology of cutaneous disease.
- Psychologic aspects of skin disease and psycho-cutaneous disorders.
- Pathophysiology and clinical aspects of pruritus.

Papulosquamous diseases

- Psoriasis, pityriasis rubra pilaris, pityriasis rosea.
- Parapsoriasis, lichen planus, lichen niditus.
- Palmo-plantar keratodermas, Darier's disease, porokeratosis.
- Ichthyoses and ichthyosiform dermatoses.
- Kyrle's disease and other perforating disorders.

Vesiculo - bullous disorders

- Erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome, Toxic epidermal necrolysis.
- Bullous pemphigoid, Pemphigus.
- Chronic bullous disease of childhood.
- Herpes gestationis (pemphigoid gestationis).
- Hereditary epidermolysis bullosa.
- Epidermolysis bullosa acquisita.

- Dermatitis herpetiformis.
- Familial benign pemphigus.
- Subcorneal pustular dermatoses.
- Pustular eruptions of palms and soles.

Disorders of epidermal appendages and related disorders

- Disorders of hair and nails.
- Disorders of sebaceous glands.
- Rosacea, Perioral dermatitis, acne.
- Disorders of eccrine and apocrine sweat glands.
- Follicular syndromes with inflammation and atrophy.

Epidermal and appendageal tumours

- Precancerous lesions, squamous cell carcinoma and basal cell carcinoma
- Keratoacanthoma, benign epithelial tumours, appendageal tumours
- Merkel cell carcinoma, Paget's disease

Disorders of melanocytes

- Disorders of pigmentation, albinism, benign neoplasia and hyperplasias of melanocytes, dysplastic melanocytic nevi, cutaneous malignant melanoma.

Inflammatory and neoplastic disorders of the dermis

- Acute febrile neutrophilic dermatosis (Sweet's syndrome)
- Erythema elevatum diutinum
- Cutaneous eosinophilic diseases
- Granuloma faciale
- Pyoderma grangrenosum

- Erythema annulare centrifugum and other figurate erythemas
- Granuloma annulare
- Malignant atrophic papulosis (Dego's Disease)
- Neoplasms, pseudoneoplasms and hyperplasias of the dermis
- Vascular anomalies
- Kaposi's Sarcoma
- Anetoderma and other atrophic disorders of the skin
- Ainhum and pseudoainhum
- Neoplasias and hyperplasias of neural and muscular origin
- Elastosis perforans serpiginosa and reactive perforating collagenosis

Lmphomas, pseudolymphomas and related

conditionsDisorders of subcutaneous tissue

- Panniculitis
- Lipodystrophy
- Neoplasms of the subcutaneous fat

Disorders of the mucocutaneous integument

- Biology and disorders of the oral mucosa
- Disorders of the anogenitalia of males and females

Cutaneous changes in disorders of altered reactivity

- Genetic immunodeficiency diseases
- Urticaria and Angioedema
- Disorders associated with complement abnormalities
- Graft-versus-host Disease
- Muco-cutaneous manifestations in immunosuppressed host other than HIV-infection
- Contact dermatitis

- Auto-sensitization dermatitis
- Atopic dermatitis (atopic eczema)
- Nummular eczematous dermatitis
- Seborrhoeic dermatitis
- Vesicular palmoplantar eczema

Skin changes due to mechanical and physical factors

- Occupational skin disease
- Radiobiology of the skin
- Skin problems in amputee
- Sports dermatology
- Skin problems in war field
- Decubitus ulcers

Photomedicine, photobiology and photo immunology in relation to skin

- Acute and chronic effects of ultraviolet radiation and sun light on the skin
- Narrow-band ultraviolet B (NBUVB) therapy, photocherapy, photochemotherapy

Disorders due to drugs and chemical agents

- Cutaneous reactions to drugs
- Mucocutaneous complications of anti-neoplastic therapy
- Cutaneous manifestations of drug abuse

Dermatology and the ages of man

- Neonatal dermatological problems
- Pediatric and adolescent dermatological problems
- Ageing of skin
- Geriatric dermatological problems

Skin lesions in nutritional metabolic and heritable disorders

- Cutaneous changes in nutritional disease
- Acrodermatitis enteropathica and other zinc deficiency disorders
- Cutaneous changes in errors of amino acid metabolism: Tyrosinemia II, phenylketonuria, arginine succinic aciduria, and alkaptonuria
- Amyloidosis of the skin
- The porphyrias
- Xanthomatosis and lipoprotein disorders
- Fobry's Disease; galactosidase a deficiency (Angiokeratoma corporis diffusumuniversale)
- Lipid proteinosis
- Cutaneous mineralisation and ossification
- Heritable disorders of connective tissue with skin changes
- Heritable disease with increased sensitivity to cellular injury
- Basal cell Naevus syndrome

Skin manifestations of hematologic disorders

- Skin changes in hematological disease
- Langerhans cell and other cutaneous histiocytoses
- The Mastocytosis syndrome

Skin manifestations of systemic disease

- The skin and disorders of the alimentary tract
- The hepatobiliary system and the skin
- Cutaneous changes in renal disorders, cardiovascular, pulmonary disorders andendocrinal disorders
- Skin changes and diseases in pregnancy
- Skin changes in the flushing disorders and the carcinoid syndrome

Skin manifestations of rheumatologic disease

- Lupus Erythematosus
- Dermatomyositis
- Scleroderma
- Systemic Necrotizing Arteritis
- Cutaneous Necrotising venulitis
- Cryoglobulinemia and Cryofibrinogenemia
- Relapsing Polychondritis
- Rheumatoid Arthritis, Rheumatic Fever and Gout
- Sjogren's syndrome
- Raynaud's phenomenon
- Reiter's syndrome
- Multicentric Reticulohisticytosis

Cutaneous manifestations of disease in other organ systems

- Sarcoidosis of the skin
- Cutaneous manifestations of Internal Malignancy
- Acanthosis Nigricans
- Scleredema
- Papular Mucinosis
- Neurocutaneous disease
- Tuberous Sclerosis Complex
- The Neurofibromatosis
- Ataxia Telangiectasia
- Behcet's disease

Bacterial diseases with cutaneous involvement

- General considerations of bacterial diseases
- Pyodermas: Staphylococcus aureus, Streptococcus, and others

- Staphylococcal Scalded-Skin syndrome
- Soft Tissue Infections: Erysipelas, Cellulitis, Septicemia and GangrenousCellulitis
- Gram-Negative Coccal and bacillary infections
- Bartonellosis
- Miscellaneous bacterial infections with cutaneous manifestations
- Tuberculosis and other myopacterial infections
- Actinomycosis, Necardiosis, and Actinomycetoma
- Lyme Borreliosis
- Kawasaki Disease

Fungal diseases with cutaneous involvement

- Superficial fungal infection: Dermatophytosis, Tinea Nigra, Piedra
- Yeast Infections: Candidiasis, Pitryiasis (Tinea) Versicolor
- Deep Fungal Infections

Viral and ricketisial disease

- Viral Diseases: general consideration
- Rubella (German Measles)
- Measles
- Hand, Foot and Mouth Disease
- Herpangina
- Erythema Infectiosum and Parvovirus B 19 infection
- Herpes simplex
- Varicella and Herpes Zoster
- Cytomegalovirus Infection
- Epstein Barr Virus Infections
- Human Herpes virus 6 & 7 infections and Exanthem subitum(Roseola Infantum or Sixth Disease)
- Smallpox and Complications of small pox vaccination

Contagious Pustular Dermatitis, Contagious Ecthyma: Orf virus infection

Milluscum Contagiosum

Miller's Nodules

Warts

Human Retroviral Disease: Human T-Lymphotropic Virusviruses

Therapeutics Topical therapy

Pharmacokinetics principles intopical applications of drugs.

Principles of topical therapy.

Topical agents

Glucocorticoids, Acne therapies, Analgesics, Anesthetics, Anti-inflammatory,

Anti hair loss, Anti-microbial, Anti-parasitic, Anti-perspirants, Anti-pruritic,

Anti-viral, Astringents, Bleaching agents, Keratolytics, Psoriasis therapies,

Wart therapies, Topical Retinoids, Topical Antibiotics, Topical Anti-fungal

Agents, Sun-protective Agents, Keratolytic Agents, Topical Cytotoxic Agents,

Cosmetics and Skin care in practice.

Systemic therapy

Systemic glucocorticoids, Sulfones, Aminoquinolines, Cytotoxic and

Antimetabolic Agents, Oral Retinoids, Antihistamines, Antibiotics, Antiviral

Drugs, Oral Antifungal Agents, Immunosuppressive and Immunomodulatory

drugs, Thalidomide, photo-chemotherapy and photo-therpay, electric cautery,

cryotherapy, electrolysis, tattooing, intra-lesional injections etc.

Surgery in dermatology

Dermatologic Surgery: Introduction and Approach

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Skin Resurfacing: Chemical Peels

Skin Resurfacing: Dermabrasion

Skin Resurfacing: Laser

- Skin punch grafting
- Wound Dressings
- Cryosurgery
- Nail Surgery

Venereology

- Clinical approach to the patient of sexually transmitted disease
- Anatomy of male and female genitalia
- Epidemiological aspects of STDs
- Viral STDs including HIV, Herpes, Human Papilloma virus (HPV),
 Molluscumcontagiosum, Espirito Santo virus (ESV) etc.
- Bacterial STD's: Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Chancroid, Donovanosis
- Chlamydial infections: Lymphogranuloma venereum, urethritis, cervicits,nongonococcal urethritis (NGU), non-specific vaginitis etc.
- Fungal: Candidiasis
- Protozoal: Trichomoniasis
- Ectoparasitic: Scabies, Pediculosis infestations.
- Syndromic management of STDs
- HIV/AIDS Epidemiology, transmission, patient load, High risk groups, cutaneous manifestations of HIV, treatment of opportunistic infections, antiretroviral therapy, management of STDs in HIV positive cases
- STDs in reproduction health and Pediatrics
- STDs and HIV
- Prevention, counselling and education of different STDs including HIV
- National Control Programmes of STDs and HIV infection
- Medico-legal, social aspects of STDs including psychological and behaviouralabnormalities in STD patients

Leprosy

- Approach to the patient with leprosy
- Epidemiological aspects
- Structure, biochemistry, microbiology of Mycobacterium leprae
- Animal models
- Pathogenesis
- Classification
- Immunology and molecular biological aspects
- Histopathology and diagnosis including laboratory aids
- Clinical features
- Reactions
- Systemic involvement (Ocular, bone, mucosa, testes and endocrine etc.)
- Pregnancy and leprosy
- HIV infection and leprosy

MAPPING OF PROGRAMME OUTCOMES [POs] AND COURSEOUTCOMES [COs] OF PG PROGRAMMES

No.	By the end of the programme, the Postgraduate will have	
	/ be:	
PO 1	Knowledge and Skills	
PO 2	Planning and problem solving abilities	
PO 3	Communication	
PO 4	Research Aptitude	
PO 5	Professionalism and Ethics	
PO 6	Leadership	
PO 7	Societal Responsibilities	
PO 8	Environment and Sustainability	
PO 9	Lifelong Learner	

MD DERMATOLOGY PROGRAMME

Course Code	Course Title
01350301	MD Dermatology

CO No.	At the end of the course, the learner should be able to:	Mapped Programme Outcomes
CO 1	Ability to take proper history with examinations	PO1,PO2,PO3,PO4,PO5, PO6,PO7,PO8,PO9
CO 2	Knowledge of dermatological diseases and its management	PO1,PO2,PO3,PO4,PO5, PO6,PO7,PO8,PO9
CO 3	Ability to do necessary procedures	PO1,PO2,PO3,PO4,PO5, PO6,PO7,PO8,PO9
CO 4	Plan and advice measures for prevention and rehabilitation of chronic patients.	PO1,PO2,PO3,PO4,PO5, PO6,PO7,PO8,PO9
CO 5	Play the assigned role in implementation of national health programme.	PO1,PO2,PO3,PO4,PO5, PO6,PO7,PO8,PO9
CO 6	Should know research methodology and ability to publish relevant data.	PO1,PO2,PO3,PO4,PO5, PO6,PO7,PO8,PO9